Readiness of Allied Health Professionals to use Technology in the Workplace

Dr Judith Lane, Senior Lecturer in Physiotherapy

Year 4 BSc (Hons) Physiotherapy students:

Charlotte Kay

Giulia Ratti-Anderson

Steven Flett

Caitlin Macrae

Yvonne McDonald



Queen Margaret University

EDINBURGH

Drivers

NHS Scotland e-Health Strategy 2014-17

E-health

Development of paper-less and paper-light clinical record keeping

Tele-medicine

Potential of technologies to support clinical interventions

E-learning

Increasing use of virtual learning environments for CPD

Aim

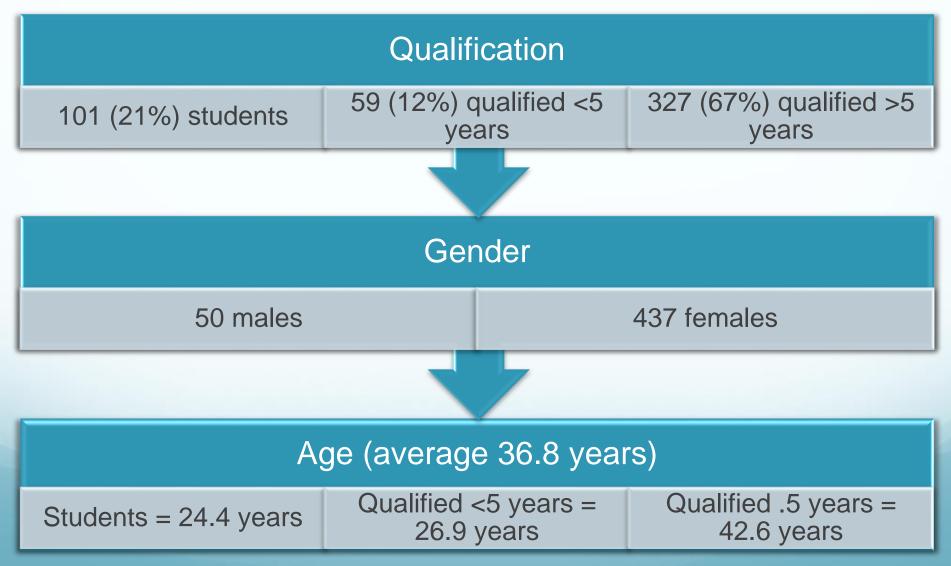
To explore the readiness of both qualified and student AHPs to use technology in the workplace

Methods

- Technology Readiness Index 2.0 (Parasuraman and Colby, 2014)
 - Innovativeness
 - > Optimism
 - Discomfort
 - Insecurity
 - Overall TRI
- Online and paper versions of the survey sent to AHPs across NHS Lothian and QMU AHP students
- Ethical approval given by Queen Margaret University

Participants

487 respondents in total



Results

Group	Innovative- ness	Optimism	Discomfort	Insecurity	Total TRI
Students	3.2	3.7	2.7	3.5	3.1
Qualified (<5 years)	3.2	3.8	2.5	3.3	3.3
Qualified (>5 years)	2.9	3.5	2.6	3.1	3.1

A score of 3.0 indicates a neutral opinion A higher score = greater innovativeness, optimism but also greater discomfort and insecurity

Significant Findings

- Students tended to show HIGHER levels of insecurity than all qualified staff
- Longer qualified staff showed SIMILAR levels of insecurity and discomfort to more recently qualified staff
- Staff who have been qualified longer showed LOWER levels of INNOVATIVENESS and OPTIMISM than either students or newly qualified staff

Typology

Туроlоду	% respondents	Normative
Skeptic	56%	21.5%
Explorer	19%	25%
Avoider	10%	13.5%
Pioneer	5%	22%
Hesitator	9%	18%

High proportion of skeptics –

Need to educate and convince them on the benefits, but should not be concerned about a high level of resistance.

What can we learn?

 Generally respondents had optimistic views and did not feel uncomfortable using technology

 Most respondents did feel insecure suggesting work is required to reassure staff.

 New graduates may have an optimism about technology and may see opportunities for implementation BUT discomfort and insecurity is likely to stifle their willingness to develop these skills

So What?

• EDUCATION is needed to convince staff of the benefits

 SUPPORT and REASSUREANCE for both students and staff

 The next stage of RESEARCH should investigate why students/new graduates feel stifled

Acknowledgements

- Our very grateful thanks go to:
- Euan McComiskie for his advice and support in the development of this project;
- Practice Education Leads for their support in participant recruitment;
- All AHPs, students and staff, who participated;
- Parasuraman and Colby of Rockbridge Associates for their permission to use the TRI.
- For further information, please contact Judith Lane (jlane@qmu.ac.uk)

Thank you for listening, any questions?